

THE ARIZONIAN.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Persons desiring to advertise in this paper, are requested to send in their favors without delay, addressed to **THE ARIZONIAN**, Tucson, Arizona.

Subscriptions must in all cases be accompanied with the cash. No subscriber's name will be entered upon our books until advance payment has been made.

FOR DELEGATE TO CONGRESS.

SYLVESTER MOWRY.
Election on Thursday, September the 1st.

TUCSON:

THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1859.

A CONVENTION

Of the People of the Eastern portion of Arizona, which convened at Mesilla on the 19th day of June, 1859, having, by unanimous resolution, called upon me as the highest legal functionary within the limits of Arizona, to issue a Proclamation for an Election for Delegate to Congress, from the proposed Territory of Arizona, I, Rafael Ruelas, Judge of the Probate Court of Dona Ana, do hereby request the people of Arizona to hold an election for Delegate to Congress on the 1st day of September, 1859; and in order to give to the election all the force and effect possible, do request that the proper Judges and Inspectors of elections be chosen in the different precincts and settlements, and returns made to the Clerk of the Court, in due form of law.

Witness my hand and seal
[SEAL.] of court, this 22d day of
June, 1859.

RAFAEL RUELAS,
Probate Judge.

By **JAS. A. LUCAS, Clerk.**

NOTE.—Poll Books will be sent to the different settlements previous to the election. Returns should be addressed to the undersigned at Mesilla.

JAS. A. LUCAS,
Clerk of Probate Court.
July 7th, 1849.

NEW MEXICAN POLITICS.

The rival candidates for the office of delegate from New Mexico, have pledged themselves, in writing, to support the bill for the organization of Arizona. We will not do them the injustice to insinuate, that their sudden affection for Arizona, grows out of a desire for Arizona votes. It is only the justice of our cause. Otero and Galliges are both friends of the Arizona bill. The people of Arizona have resolved to take no part in the New Mexican election; and they are happy to know, whoever is elected, is pledged to sustain their cause. Independent of the fact, that Arizona was determined to vote for her one delegate only, it would be unkind to one side to vote for either of the New Mexican candidates, since both sides are so entirely pledged to support the Arizona Territorial Bill. You have a fair field in New Mexico, and we hope you will have a good time. The one who gets the most votes will undoubtedly be elected. The people of Arizona are disinterested but admiring spectators.

We had intended the above for our last week's issue, but it was unavoidably crowded out. Since then, we learn, that we were far from doing these disinterested gentlemen any injustice, in imputing their wondrous love for Arizona, as prompted by a desire for Arizona votes—our expectations are realized—for the purpose of catching a few votes, they have all sent their political emissaries to the only

town in the Territory, where they dare show their hands, or hope for any success. One spot there, was where a few renegades, notwithstanding their previous solemn action in Convention, held on the 19th of June, could be found, knowing that their old occupation of "ruling the roost," had departed, willing to disregard their solemn votes, and again return to lick the hands of those men, that have as often spurned and spit upon them; they were but too willing to be used and made tools of. At last they have shown their hands, their prayers and entreaties have been listened to, and now once more, they are found in their proper places, working with these political traders of New Mexico.

On the 7th of August, these consistent gentlemen called a convention, to be held at La Mesilla, consisting only of delegates of the precinct of Mesilla, and one or two small towns on the Western bank of the Rio Grande. Dona Ana and Las Cruces in conjunction with the entire western portion of the Territory, not being represented, and with an effrontery unparalleled, proceeded to pass resolutions, rescinding the proceedings of all other meetings, and declaring their intention to take part in the contest between Mr. Galliges and Mr. Otero and against the later for delegate from New Mexico; they then proceeded to nominate members for the Assembly of New Mexico, and officers for the County; men totally unfit for the positions, some of whom, wanting even ordinary intelligence, and moral honesty. They refused to the entire Territory, less the little town of Mesilla, the representation they were entitled to, and with unparagoned assurance offered to the citizens of the entire Territory, a representation less than one third of the representation of La Mesilla alone. Such political dishonesty carries with it its own antidote; already have they discovered that their new friends, have given them a heavy load to carry, they are disappointed, for they do not find the citizens of the Eastern part of the Territory such fools as they were led to expect; they are deserted and left alone in their shame. The citizens of the Rio Grande both American and Mexican, have no desire to have anything to do with such political renegades as they have proved themselves to be; and in conjunction with delegates representing the Western portion of the Territory, in Convention held on the 11th of August; the proceedings of which will be found in our columns, it will be seen they have repudiated in every particular, the action had by that meeting, composed of delegates of one or two precincts only; reaffirming the proceedings and resolutions of the Convention, held at La Mesilla, in September, 1858, and 19th of June 1859. An entire unanimity prevailed in the proceedings of the Convention, and with the exception of the few, that have shown so little political honesty, in their late course, there is no division among the people of the Rio Grande. All are united on the main question of a separate organization for Arizona, and we shall look on the day of election, for a full vote of the citizens of the Eastern part of the Territory.

PERSONAL.

We learn that Colonel H. T. Titus and Elias Brevoort, Esq., were passengers in the stage that arrived here on Friday the 12th inst. They left the stage at the Coinega station, direct for Fort Buchanan. Col. Titus is accompanied by several gentlemen connected with the Union Silver Mining Company. It is the intention of the company, we are informed, to commence operations, at their mines, at an early day.

Hon. Phil. T. Herbert, and Judge Edw. McGowan of California, have returned to Tucson, after a short visit to the Eastern part of the Territory, and Santa Fe, N. M. We believe they intend to remain here for some time.

Col. John Walker, Indian Agent for the Pimos and Maricopas Indians, has returned to Tucson, after a long absence. He has been to Santa Fe, N. M., on official business.

INDIAN NEWS.

Our correspondent at Apache Pass, sends us the following communication dated Aug. 11th: He says, "some of our Apache Indians have again returned to the Pass. They have been camping on a small stream, called 'Cioo gah la,' where their warriors have been engaged in hunting, the game being very abundant. They broke up their camp in a fight, being unable to live at peace among themselves. Some of Jack's warriors, that have been in the mountains of Sonora, for the past year, returned a few days since, and finding in camp, plenty of 'tigning,' their favorite liquor, soon got gloriously drunk. Not being on very good terms with Esconell el les, and his warriors, who are camped near here, they concluded they would visit his camp and give him a fight; they were however, expected, it appears, for Esconell el les, had sent his squaws and children into the mountains, and when Jack's warriors arrived, they found them all mounted and armed. They fought among themselves, about three hours, when they separated, with the intention of finishing it at some other time. Esconell had two warriors killed and two wounded, besides three horses killed. Old Jack was more unfortunate, as six or seven of his warriors were killed and four badly wounded, besides all of his horses; old Jack was absent at the fight, being in the mountains looking for some lost mules, or the fight would have been more severe."

We hope no obstacles may be thrown in their way, whenever they desire to fight; but would prefer to see them engaged every day in the week; it certainly is the easiest and most economical way we know of, to get rid of a few of them. Since the receipt of the above communication, we learn the same Indians have had another fight; and the prospects are, that they will keep it up for some time to come.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.

We understand Col. Bonnerille says he has taken the names of all the Americans, between the Rio Grande and the Santa Cruz, and they number only one hundred and eighty. Come and pay us a longer visit, Colonel, and count again. There are nearly that number in and around Tucson alone, and there are a good many of us that dislike to be denationalized in so summary a manner. The Overland Mail Company alone, employs some seventy five Americans, between here and the Rio Grande, and they justly think, they have a right to be included, as well as the farmers living on the San Pedro and the Miembres rivers, it is hardly fair to leave them out. It is nearly as bad as cutting down the Americans on the Gila and Colorado to twelve. When there are ten times that number. Try it again Colonel, for evidently there is a slight mistake, some where.

RESIGNATION.

We are sorry to learn that Mr. George Matterson, our efficient deputy sheriff and constable, has resigned his position. His resignation took place on the 13th. In the faithful discharge of his duties, he has won the confidence and respect of our citizens, and carries with him the good wishes of all. We learn that Justice J. W. Holt has appointed in his place Mr. Wm. Burke, who has accepted and is now discharging the duties of his office.

We have to apologise to the readers of the Arizona, for the delay in issuing this our regular number; the detention has been unavoidably caused, by the indisposition of our printer. We hope it may not occur again, and will not as far as lays in our power to prevent it.

MARRIED.

On Wednesday, the 17th inst., by Justice J. W. Holt, at the residence of Mr. Wm. Kirkland, near Tucson, Mr. John H. Payle to Miss Amanda Ellen Barnes.

ARIZONA HOUSE.

The subscriber has taken the above House, and will do all in his power to accommodate the travelling public and regular customers.

EDWARD G. PAGE.

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TERRITORIAL ELECTION.

On Thursday, the first of September, the people of Arizona will meet in their several election precincts for the purpose of electing a delegate to represent them in the next Congress of the United States.

No party issues at this time divide us; mere party questions have no claim or attraction, for people living without protection or the shadow of law; other interests of more vital importance claim our attention, and at the ballot box we will again appeal for that recognition of our rights that we have so repeatedly asked for, but which we have thus far failed to receive.

The failure on the part of the last Congress to give us a separate organization for Arizona should only incite us to a more determined effort at the coming election. We have every reason to hope our next application will meet with success; but there must be no cessation of our efforts; let every citizen from the Colorado to Texas on the day of election do his duty—let our delegate carry with him the vote of every citizen in the territory. It cannot be denied but that he has the support of nearly every vote in Arizona, and to them his past exertions are a sufficient guarantee of his future course; he has been nominated by our different conventions with unusual unanimity, and it is now incumbent on us to see that he secures the vote of every man favorable to a territorial organization. A united expression of the wishes of our citizens at the coming election will strengthen our prospects, and materially aid our delegate in his position in the next Congress.

We desire a full vote to prove our assertions; that in population alone we are entitled to a separate organization. We have been misrepresented on the part of a few either wilfully or through gross ignorance; our necessities have been denied, and our statements of the population of Arizona contradicted. We have nothing to alter or withdraw; our statements will bear the test of proof, and the result of the election will fully establish the correctness of our assertions.

Before another issue of our paper can reach our distant subscribers in the eastern part of our territory the election will have passed. We therefore now urge upon them the importance of using every exertion—let not a vote be lost for want of attention; thus far too little interest has been felt in our election; but we believe the proper spirit is now aroused throughout the entire extent of the territory; all that is now needed is easily accomplished—let the friends of Arizona show their interest at the coming election—take hold in earnest with a determination that a full vote shall be polled, and we will be able to convince all that independent of other reasons sufficient in themselves, yet in population alone, we are entitled to a separate territorial organization.

CONVENTION AT LA MESILLA.

At a meeting of the people of the Rio Grande, held pursuant to notice in the town of Las Cruces on the 11th day of August, 1859, the following proceedings were had, viz:

Stephen Ochoa was called to the chair, and G. H. Oury and Saturnino Barrientos were appointed secretaries.

The object of the convention being explained in a short and pertinent speech by the chairman, when—

On motion of S. J. Jones, a committee of five persons, to wit, Geo. Frazier, Ramon Nevares, Pablo Melendres, segundo, N. B. Appel and Peter Doug, were appointed to draft a preamble and resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting; and on further motion, Judge Chas. Hoppin and Col. Sam J. Jones were added to the committee. The committee retired for a short time, and returned with the following preamble and resolutions, viz:

Whereas, at a convention of the people of Arizona, held at Mesilla in September, 1858, resolutions were passed declaring a separation from the territory of New Mexico, and the organization of Arizona as absolutely and indispensably necessary, and a delegate appointed to the Congress of the United States to represent the